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MONDAY, September 2, 1765.

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Published by Authority.

By His Excellency

FRANCIS BERNARD, Esq;

Captain-General and Governor in Chief in and over his Majesty's Province of the MASSACHUSETTS-BAY in NEW-ENGLAND, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Yesterday, towards Evening a great Number of People unlawfully and riotously assembled themselves together, in the Town of Boston, armed with Clubs, Staves, &c. and with great Noise and Tumult, pulled down a new-erected Building belonging to the Secretary of the Province, and having so done surrounded his Dwelling-House, pulled down Part of his Fences, broke his Windows; at length with Force and Violence entered the House and damaged and destroyed his Furniture, and continued thus unlawfully assembled until Midnight, and committed divers other Outrages and Enormities to the great Terror of his Majesty's liege Subjects:

I Have therefore thought fit with the Advice of his Majesty's Council to issue this Proclamation, requiring all Justices of Peace, and all Officers civil and military, to use their utmost Endeavours for discovering, apprehending and bringing to Justice all and every of the Persons concerned in the unlawful Assembly aforesaid.

And I do hereby promise, that whosoever shall discover and detect any of the Persons concerned in the Outrages aforesaid; so that they or any of them may be lawfully convicted, shall receive out of the Publick Treasury of this Province, the Sum of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS as a Reward, to be paid upon the Conviction of such Offender or Offenders: And any Person concerned therein over and above the Reward aforesaid, upon Discovery of any of his Accomplices as aforesaid, shall receive his Majesty's free and gracious Pardon.

GIVEN at the Council Chamber in Boston, the Fifteenth Day of August, 1765 in the Fifth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c.

FRA. BERNARD.

By His Excellency's Command, Jn^o. Cotton, Dep. Secr.

GOD Save the KING.

By His EXCELLENCY

FRANCIS BERNARD, Esq;

Captain-General and Governor in Chief, in and over his Majesty's Province of the MASSACHUSETTS-BAY in NEW-ENGLAND, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS towards Evening on the 26th Day of August Instant, a great Number of People unlawfully and riotously assembled themselves together in the Town of Boston, armed with Clubs, Staves, &c. and with great Noise and Tumult did first of all attack the Dwelling-House of William Story, Esq; Deputy-Register

of the Court of Admiralty within this Province, break his Windows, and with Force and Violence enter his said House, and the Office wherein the Books and Files belonging to the said Court were lodged, and did scatter, burn or destroy the same, and most of his own Papers, and Papers belonging to other Persons then in his Custody, and did damage and destroy a great Part of his Furniture. After which the said riotous People or other Rioters, did proceed to the Dwelling-House of Benjamin Hallowell, Esq; Comptroller of his Majesty's Customs for the Port of Boston, break down the Fence before it, break his Windows and at length with Force and Violence enter the said House, damage and destroy the Wainscot and Furniture of the same, drink and destroy the Liquors in his Cellars, take away his Wearing-Apparel, break open his Desk and Trunks, and take out all his Papers, and about Thirty Pound Sterling in Money.

AND WHEREAS these or other riotous People did on the same Night attack the Dwelling-House of the Honorable Thomas Hutchinson, Esq; Lieutenant-Governor of the said Province, and forceably enter the same, break down and destroy the Wainscot and Partitions therein, leaving the House a mere Shell from Top to Bottom, break and destroy every Window of the said House with all the Furniture belonging thereto, destroy or carry off all the Wearing-Apparel, Jewels, Books and Papers of every Kind belonging to his Honour and his Family, drink, take away or destroy eight Pipes and three Quarter-Casks of Wine, and every Bottle of Liquors and all Provisions and Stores of what Kind soever in his Cellars, and carry off about Nine Hundred Pounds Sterling in Money, together with all his Honor's Plate, pillaging and destroying every Thing in the said House of what Kind soever; and did afterwards deliberately cut down the Cupola or Lantern on Top of the House, and uncover great Part of the Roof; the said People continuing thus riotously and tumultuously assembled the whole Night and until Day-light the next Morning, committing divers Outrages and Enormities, and threatening the Custom-House, and the Houses of divers Persons, to the great Terror of his Majesty's liege Subjects.

I Have therefore thought fit, with the Advice of his Majesty's Council, to issue this Proclamation, requiring all Justices of Peace, and all Officers, civil and military, to use their utmost Endeavours for discovering, apprehending and bringing to Justice, all and every the Persons concerned in the unlawful Proceedings aforesaid; and also requiring them to use their utmost Endeavours for preventing all such tumultuous Assemblies and Outrages for the future.

AND I do hereby promise a Reward of THREE HUNDRED POUNDS for the Discovery of the Leader or Leaders, Director or Directors, of any of the Parties aforesaid, so that he or they may be apprehended and convicted, and a Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS for the Discovery of any other Person of such Parties, or of any Person aiding, assisting or advising to any of the Outrages aforesaid, who shall be apprehended and convicted as aforesaid. And any Person concerned in any of the riotous Proceedings aforesaid (such principal Leaders or Directors only excepted) shall over and above the Reward aforesaid, upon Discovery of any of his Accomplices receive his Majesty's free and gracious Pardon.

GIVEN at the Council-Chamber in Boston, the Twenty-eighth Day of August, 1765, in the Fifth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c.

FRA. BERNARD.

By His Excellency's Command, A. OLIVER, Secry.

GOD Save the KING.

Charlestown, S. Carolina, July 17.

M. Illustri, appointed by his Catholick Majesty Governor of New-Orleans, has been at the Havana for upwards of five months past. The Spaniards say the obstructions to their taking possession of Louisiana are owing to the court of Great Britain, which would not agree to the French taking possession of some territories the Spaniards were to cede to them. The French, however, appear heartily tired of it.

The following is an exact copy of the Massachusetts's circular letter

Province of the Massachusetts Bay, Boston, June 1765.

S I R,
The House of Representatives of this province in the present session of the General Court, have unanimously agreed to propose a meeting, as soon as may be, of Committees from the Houses of Representatives or Burgesses of the several British colonies on this continent, to consult together on the present circumstances of the colonies, and the difficulties to which they are, and must be reduced by the operation of the acts of parliament for laying duties and taxes on the colonies, and to consider of a general and united, dutifull, loyal and humble representation of their condition to his Majesty and the parliament, and to implore relief. The House of Representatives of this province have also voted to propose that such meeting be at the city of New-York, in the province of New-York, on the first Tuesday of October next, and have appointed a committee of three of their members to attend that service, with such as the other Houses of Representatives or Burgesses in the several colonies may think fit to appoint to meet them; and the Committee of the House of Representatives of this province are directed to repair to said New-York on said first Tuesday of October next accordingly.

"If therefore your Honourable House should agree to this proposal, it would be acceptable that as early notice of it as possible might be transmitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives of this Province."

SAM. WHITE, Speaker.

To the Speaker, &c.
Aug. 10. Thomas Lynch, Christopher Gadson, and John Rutledge, Esqrs; are appointed a Committee from the House of Representatives of this province, to consult with the several Committees of other Houses that are to meet at New-York the first Tuesday in October next, on the present circumstances of the colonies, and the difficulties to which they are and must be reduced by the operation of the acts of parliament, for levying duties and taxes on the colonies, and to consider of a general, united, dutifull, loyal and humble representation of their condition to his Majesty and the parliament, and to implore relief. — And the house have resolved to provide a sufficient sum to defray the charges and expences of their going to, continuing at, and returning from the said meeting.

We hear that the Hon. James Oglethorpe, jun. Esq; Brigadier-General Ruggles, & Col. Partridge, are the Committee appointed from the Massachusetts to meet at the above congress; and that each of them are allowed One hundred and ten Pounds sterling, to defray the expence of their journey thither.

ANTIGUA, June 12.

"At this place [St. Vincent's] a very different spirit appeared. Near 30 vessels arrived with purchasers from the Leeward Islands, And though the lands were not surveyed and properly prepared for sale, so that the commissioners could not give purchasers the opportunity they could have wished, for to inform themselves with regard to the quality of the several lots, yet the islands in general sold at a much higher rate than was expected. Indeed some few lots went at little more than the minimum, but to general they sold from about 15l. to 45 l. sterling an acre for the cleared lands, and about 300 acres sold for 9l. 10s. sterling an acre. I have not taken the pains to calculate the amount as here, but am told it is upwards of 86 ing. I shall take care to inform you how sales at Dominica as soon as they are over."

* mem James Oglethorpe jun^r Esq first Moved it, to his immortal honor, the Town of Boston &c Province

* James Oglethorpe jun^r Esq first Moved it, to his immortal honor, the Town of Boston &c Province

From the CONNECTICUT GAZETTE.
TO THE PRINTER.

SIR,
YOU defined in your last that "some Barrister or other capable Gentleman would give the Publick a Definition of Treason." I am no Barrister, nor do I pretend to be able to give a precise definition of this extensive Term, agreeable to Magna Charta or the British Constitution, much less to enumerate all the Senses in which it has of late been used. However if you do not meet with something more full and explicit you may, if you please publish the following, which tho' it is not a logical, is at least a formal Definition of it.

Negatively.

1. It is not Treason to say the Inhabitants of the North American Colonies are Englishmen.
2. It is not Treason to assert that Englishmen have Rights of which no Power on Earth can justly deprive them.
3. It is not Treason in Englishmen to be sensible when they are oppressed, and desert the authors of their Oppression.
4. Neither is it Treason in them to complain of their Grievances and expose the wicked Instruments of them.
5. It is not Treason in any Subject or Body of Subjects to declare what they apprehend the Rights of Englishmen to be, at least when they assert none to be such but what evidently are.
6. It is not Treason in any Legislature to pronounce declare and resolve, that these are Enemies to their Country who assert and maintain Doctrines diametrically opposite to the fundamental Principles of the Constitution.
7. It is not Treason to suppose the most august Assembly upon Earth may be mistaken.
8. It is not Treason to attempt to convince them of their mistake.
9. It is not Treason to say no man can be taxed, agreeable to the British Constitution, without his Consent.
10. It is not Treason to say no Man can give his Consent to that which was never proposed to him or his Representatives.
11. It is not Treason to be unable to conceive how a Country can in any Sense, be said to be represented in an Assembly where none of the Members are of it.
12. It is not Treason to say, that all the Parts of a Community are not equally free, where one Part is subject to the arbitrary Power and Tyranny of another.
13. It is not Treason in any Country charged with heavy and unconstitutional Taxes, after suitable but unsuccessful Petitions, Remonstrances, Struggles and Efforts, to betake itself to the only possible method of paying them and subsisting.—That is to say,
14. It is not Treason in the American Colonies to break off a Commerce, which if carried on will inevitably prove their Ruin.
15. It is not Treason to wish Great Britain could see what is for her own interest.
16. It is not Treason to proceed as follows viz.

Affirmatively.

1. To attempt the Subversion of the most happy Constitution upon Earth, is Treason.
2. To assert and maintain that the King is not to rule for the Good of his Subjects, is Treason.
3. To say the King is not bound to govern by the laws, is Treason.
4. To maintain that the King and Parliament may enact Laws contrary to the fundamentals of the constitution, is Treason.
5. To assert that the Subject is bound to yield Obedience to such Laws, is Treason.
6. To say the King is not bound to fulfil his engagements to his Subjects, is Treason.
7. Therefore to dissuade him from it, is Treason.
8. To insinuate that the Subject can never know what to depend on from Royal Grants and Charters is Treason.
9. To make one Part of his Majesty's liege Subjects slaves to the rest, is Treason.
10. To attempt to disaffail a great and important Part of his Majesty's Subjects to his Government, is Treason.
11. To represent a virtuous and loyal People as Villains and Traitors, is Treason.
12. To insinuate that the King and Parliament will be deaf to the just and grievous Complaints of any of their oppressed Subjects, is Treason.
13. For the Subject tamely to give up his Rights when it is in his power to avoid it, is Treason.
14. Therefore to be very loyal according to some Peoples sense of the Word is the blackest Treason.
15. To use arguments for the enslaving one part of his Majesty's Dominions which equally tend to the enslaving of the whole, is Treason.
16. All Rebellion (which is no other than dissolving the peaceable Bonds of society by breaking over the fundamental Laws of the common-wealth) whether in Ruler or People, is Treason.
17. To aid assist, abet or comfort (i. e. flatter and

cringe to) Traitors, is Treason.

18. Whoever attempts either directly or indirectly, by himself or by his Substitute to introduce French Politics into the Realm of England or any other Part of his Majesty's Dominions is a Villain, a Parricide, & a Traitor.

New-York, August 26.

A sorrowful Accident hapned at Staten-Island last Wednesday, viz. One Mrs. Merleau of that Place, driving a Waggon with only two Children in it, in going down a small Hill, one of the Reins gave Way, and the pulling the Horses at the same Time, tumbled out of the Waggon, and one of the Wheels going over her Breast, killed her on the Spot.

Thursday last his Majesty's Ships the Coventry, Hawke, and Garland, arrived here from a Cruise.

We hear there are several Footpads dispersed on the Road between this City and Philadelphia, for whom the several Constables have Orders to keep a good Look-out; and we hope soon to hear of their being apprehended: There are two fellows taken up on Suspicion of belonging to this Gang, and lodged in the New-Goal: And as it is not doubted but that most of them are of the precious Gifts of our kind Mother, who generously sends us those Villains that are Nuisances to herself.

Newport, August 26.

We hear from New-London, that about 4 o'Clock last Thursday Afternoon, was exhibited, in the most public Part of the Town, the Effigies of a Distributor of Stamps, with a Boot on one of the Shoulders, and the Devil represented as looking out of the same.—They were suspended in the Air, on a Gibbet, between 20 and 30 Feet from the Ground; and after being exposed about an Hour, were taken down, and carried through the Town, attended by the principal Part of the Inhabitants. The Cannon of the Fort were repeatedly discharged during the Time of Exhibition. Between Ten and Eleven the Effigies were consumed amidst the Acclamations of the People. 'Tis said the most perfect Decorum was observed in all their Behaviour; and no Person suffered the least Injury.

And we hear from Norwich, in the same Colony, that the Inhabitants of that Town manifested their Detestation of Stamps, Stampmen, &c. in much the same Manner as the above, on Wednesday last.

Last Saturday arrived at New-London, in 17 Days from St. Eustatia, Capt. Rockwell, who gives the following Intelligence viz. That 2 Days before he failed, they received Advice of a violent Gale of Wind or Hurricane at Guadaloupe, in which 14 Sail of large Vessels, and sundry small Craft were drove ashore, and near all lost. A violent Gale of Wind forced Capt. Rockwell with a Number of others, out from St. Eustatia, which he imagines did considerable Damage.

Tuesday last failed for New-York, His Majesty's Ship the Coventry, Capt. Kennedy. And,

On Wednesday the Maidstone, Capt. Antrobus, failed for Halifax.

The Cygnet Capt. Leslie, remains in the Harbour.

THE Attornies to Charles

Ward Apthorp, Esq; are much concerned for those that are indebted to him, or to the Company, or to Nathaniel Wheelwright, Esq; that so little Regard has been paid to their Advertisment of the 3d of June last, (whose Bonds, Mortgages, Notes and Book Debts are in their Possession) which they cannot better account for, than by the too general and usual Disregard and Neglect heretofore paid by Debtors to Advertisements of this Nature; which seems to have been attended to rather as mere Mode in the Advertiser, than his design of putting it into Execution. The Attornies therefore beg all those that are indebted in Town or Country, in the Province or out, to regard this Advertisment, as they regard their own Reputation, and not put them under the disagreeable necessity of Suing all indiscriminately, which they certainly will do, to the next Inferiour Court, unless prevented by their settling their several Accounts and paying to the Attornies at least part of their respective Debts before that Time.

Boston, Sept. 2. 1765.

At the New Auction-Room,

Now kept by

ELIAS DUPEE,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, next Wednesday, Thursday, & Friday, at 3 o'Clock each Day.

A good Eight Day Clock, Cafes

of Drawers, Looking-Glasses, a very good Kitchen Jack, curious Pictures and other Household Furniture, Broad Cloths, Duffels, Sagatees, Duroys, Shalloons & Camblets, Tammies, Silk & Worsted Hosiery, Linens, Cambricks, Chints, Callico, Ribbons, Men's Apparell, Watches, Books, &c.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

At Three o'Clock in the Afternoon,
THIS DAY

Will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE

at the House of William Butter, Esq; in Green's Lane, sundry ENGLISH GOODS, viz.

Green & cloth-colour'd Broad-

Cloth, scarlet Ranteens, black and white Hair Plush, Knit Patterns, Men's Silk Hosiery, thread, worsted and yarn ditto, Womens Stays, Stuffs and Silks, white Threads, sewing Silk and Hair, Gold and Silver Lace, Bed Lace, Hatt Lace, double gilt Buttons, Womens Masks, Mens and Womens Gloves, London made Boots, Copper Scales and Weights, several Suits of Wearing Apparel, &c. &c. ALSO, an elegant pair of SCONCES, and some other Furniture, Casks of Nails, Cask of Glue, A good HORSE suitable for Saddle or Chaise, about twenty dozen of excellent MADEIRA WINE, also a second-hand CHAISE. The Sale to begin precisely at THREE o'Clock Afternoon.

J. Russell, V. M'r.

Will be Sold by Public Vendue

On Wednesday next, at 1 o'Clock,

At the Royal Exchange Tavern in King Street,

A SLOOP, 65 Tons burthen,

a prime Sailer, and in all respects well found, fresh cork'd and paid, fitted for the Sea—now lying at the Long-Wharf. Inventory of her Stores and Dimensions may be seen at the Place of Sale.

J. Russell, V. M'r.

TO BE SOLD,

As good a HOKSE & CHAISE

as any in America. Inquire of Green & Russell.

To be sold, not being Wanted,

A very likely Negro Girl, of 10

Years of Age.—Inquire of the Printers.

TO-MORROW

WILL be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Royal-Exchange Tavern in King-Street, a variety of ENGLISH GOODS, among which are the following Articles, viz.

Shalloons, Tammies, Callimancoes, German Serges, Silver and Gold Lace, Stone Earrings, A very good Watch, Threads, Camblets, Mens and Womens white and colour'd Kid & Lamb Gloves and Mitts; Allopeen, embossed Serges, Beaver-Coating and sundry other Articles.

The Sale to begin exactly at X o'Clock, A. M.

TO-MORROW

Will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE

at WHEELWRIGHT'S Wharf,

100 Cask of new thrash'd out

Rice. The Sale to begin precisely at TEN

o'Clock in the Forenoon. A N D,

ON Tuesday the 10th of Sep-

tember, Inf. will be sold by Public Vendue, at the Dwelling-House late of Nathaniel Wheelwright Esq; in Green's Lane, a great Variety of very genteel Household Furniture, among which a quantity of Plate of the newest Taste.—Also a Negro Man and Woman both valuable Servants.

The Sale to begin at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon, and 3 in the Afternoon, and to be continued from Day to Day 'till all is Sold.

And on Fridry following being the 13th of September will be Sold by public Vendue, that very Commodious and Genteel new Brick House, called CONCERT-HALL, near the Orange-Tree.

The Sale will be at said HALL, and begin precisely at XII o'Clock.

Just imported from LONDON,

By John Mein,

And to be Sold at his Shop opposite the West End of the Town-House.

A large Assortment of BOOKS, of

Law, History, Physic, Husband-

ry, Geography, Navigation, Divinity, Entertainment,

Mathematics, Gardening, Classical Authors, Paper

Books & Pocket Books, Dictionaries, English and

Scotch Bibles, Letter Cases from 2s. to 14s. Lawful

Money, English and Scotch Prayer Book, Copy

Books from 1s. to 20s. Lawful Money. A great variety of cheap Entertaining Books with Plates, all the

late Plays and Operas.—The above will be sold at the lowest prices and a considerable Discount will be given to those who buy a Quantity.

Boston, Sept. 2.

AT a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of Boston, on Tuesday the 27th of August 1765.

THE Town having an utter Detestation of the extraordinary and violent Proceedings of a Number of Persons unknown, against some of the Inhabitants of the same the last Night.

VOTED UNANIMOUSLY, That the Selectmen and Magistrates of the Town be desired to use their utmost Endeavours, agreeable to Law, to suppress the like Disorders for the future, and that the Freeholders and other Inhabitants will do every Thing in their Power to assist them therein.

Altho' not above two Hours Notice was given, there was as full a Meeting at Faneuil-Hall as has been ever known.

The late very extraordinary and alarming Proceedings in divers Parts of this Town naturally exciting much Speculation, and should perhaps be thought requisite in omitting an Account thereof, so far as Facts have come to our Knowledge.

ABOUT Twilight last Monday, a small Bonfire appeared to be kindled in King-Street, and surrounded only by a few Boys and Children; but one of the Fire-Wards perceiving it to rise to a dangerous Height, interposed and used his Endeavours to extinguish or at least to diminish it; in which salutary attempt, after several Whispers from a Person unknown, warning him of danger, he received a Blow, and such Tokens of Insult and Outrage, as obliged him to desist and take his Departure.

Soon after this, Day-light being scarce in, the Fire gradually decaying, a peculiar Hoop and Whistle was observed to be sounded from various Quarters, which instantaneously drew together a great Number of disguised Ruffians, (for this Appellation we hope not improperly applied,) armed with Clubs, Staves, &c. No sooner were they assembled, than Attack was made on the Dwelling-House of William Story, Esq; opposite the North side of Court-House; the lower Part of which, being his Office as Deputy-Register of the Court of Vice-Admiralty, was in a few Minutes laid open: The public Files and Records of that Court, Mr. Story's private Papers, Books of Account &c. exposed to Ravage and Destruction, and improved as Fuel to revive the expiring Flames: Little more than half an Hour sufficed them here, for it seems much greater Exploits, were reserved for the Heroism of the Night.

Boisterous and intrepid, from this first Object of their Rage, they rushed onward, encroaching still in Number and Fury, to the new and elegantly finished Building of Benjamin Hallowsell, jun. Esq; where after tearing down the Fences, breaking the Windows, &c. they at length entered the House, and in the most savage and destructive manner broke and abused his Furniture, Chairs, Tables, Desk, Glasses, China, and in short every Thing they could lay their Hands on; at the same Time purloining his Money, and dispersing his private Books and Papers, until by the Effect of Wine and the other Stores of his Cellar, they ripened in Ebriety and Madness, and became fit for the next, more desolating and barbarous Operation.

Towards Ten o'Clock they were traced by the Noise and Tumult of a numerous and confused Rabble to the Mansion-House of His Honor the Lieut. Gov. This seemed to be reserved for the utmost Violence of their diabolical Phrenzy; for immediately on the Word given, that large and stately Edifice became a Prey to the Iron Hand of Outrage and Robbery; a few Hours, and the House was a mere Skeleton, and deprived of Furniture, even Wainscot and Partition, broke, hacked and mangled; and the whole by Break of Day, at once a sad Spectacle of Indignation and Wonder!

In this violent and extraordinary Desolation, besides the House and its Furniture of very considerable Value, his Honor and his Family sustained, the loss of between eight and nine Hundred Pounds Sterling in Cash, all his Plate, Wearing Apparell, a valuable and costly Library, a great Number of private as well as curious and scarce Papers and Manuscripts, and besides these, large Files and Records, occasionally in his Honor's Possession, relating to the Claims and Title of this Province; all dispersed, stolen, and defaced, so that the Damage in its Consequences may be esteemed publicly as well as privately, Injurious.

"To bear one's own Misfortune with Firmness, and to feel for others," (the Words on the Occasion of an honorable and worthy Gentleman, who has lately taken his Residence among us) is the Part of true Philosophy; who then can blush, or be ashamed of Sympathy with those who have so severely felt the Refinement of a misguided and merciless Rabble.

The Sufferings of the other Gentlemen, tho' truly

grievous, seems to be absorbed in the greater Misfortune of his Honor and his Family, their loss being computed at near twenty five Hundred Pounds Sterling exclusive of the Building.

The Peace and good Order of the Town [has been ever since preserved by a Military Watch, which we hope in Time will have a Tendency to allay the present strange and tumultuous Spirit; tho' we would not be understood, not to distinguish this, from the truly noble Opposition to the imposition of internal Taxes, without the intervention of the respective Legislatures of the Colonies, or an equal Representation, which seems to be not only of this Province, but the united Voice of the whole British Continent.

The morning after the late Tumult and Devastation, being the Time for opening the Superior Court of Judicature, Court of Assize, &c. His Honor the Chief Justice was obliged to attend, notwithstanding his great Distress, there not being a Quorum of the Court without him. His Brethren of the Bench, and the Gentlemen of the Bar habited in their respective Robes, and he in his only Suit! A Scene truly affecting to every humane and feeling Breast.

The following Articles, taken

among the rest from the Lieutenant Governor's House, the 26th Instant, if offered to Sale, in this or any other Government, it is desired they may be stopped, or if seen in any Person's Possession, that Notice may be given to either of the Lieutenant Governor's Sons, at their Warehouses on the Dock:

A Silver Hilt of a Sword which had been wash'd with Gold, the Blade is found; two mourning Swords; a chased Gold Head of a Cane, with the Lieut. Governor's Crest; a Lady's chased Gold Watch, Hook & Chain; a new fashion'd Gold Chain and Hook for a Lady's Watch; a Set of large Silver Plate Buttons for Coat and Breeches; 2 Sets ditto covered with Silver Wire, and very uncommon; several Funeral Rings, particularly one the late *Thos. Lechmere*, Esq; another the late *Thos. Hancock*, Esq; several ancient Coins; a Pair of Ruby Earrings set in Gold, and Necklace; Garnet Earrings and Necklaces in Gold; Pearl Earrings and Necklaces; Stone Girdle Buckles; 2 Pair Stone Shoe Buckles; 2 Pair Stone Sleeve Buttons set in Gold; rich embroidered christening Blankets, Sleeves, Cradle Quilt and Curtain, and a Set of Child-bed Linen; Gauze Handkerchief & Sattin Apron, both flowered with Gold; Silk Shoes; brocaded Silk, Paduoy, Damask Luttinging Gowns & Petticoats; laced Petticoats; Head-Cloaths & other Linen; Baudles of old Gold and Silver Lace; Bundles of Bone Lace; Silver Spoons; Silver Handle Knives and Forks; Sweetmeat Knives, Forks & Spoons gilt, and other Articles of Plate; a large Octavo Bible richly Bound, and in an outside Turkey Leather Case, a Direction in one of the defensive Leaves signed by *Thomas Coram*, Esq;

AND Whereas a Manuscript History of the *Massachusetts Province*, from the Year 1692 to the Year 1730, was among the Spoil, and Part thereof has been found; if any of the remaining Sheets should be discovered, it is desired they may be sent, as also any other of the Lieutenant Governor's Papers or Books, to the Reverend Mr. *Eliot*.

August 31. 1765.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Newport (Rhode Island) dated August 29, 1765.

THE Flames of Patriotism seems to communicate from Boston Westward; we have been in one continual Riot this three Days. On Tuesday the Effigies of M—t—n H—w—d, Dr. M—f—t [and A—g—stus J—n—s our STAMPMAN] were hung and burnt.

In the Morning of the 27th inst. between 5 and 6 o'Clock a Mob assembled, erected a Gallows near the Town-House and dispers'd, and about 10 o'Clock reassembled, when the Effigies of the above Men and the Stamp Master, were carted up Thames-Street, and then up King-Street to the said Gallows where they were hung by the Neck, suspended near 15 Feet in the Air, and about 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon they made a Fire under the Gallows which consumed the Effigies and Gallows to Ashes. After the Effigies were burnt the Mob dispers'd, and we thought it was all over, but last Night about Dusk they all muster'd again, proceeded to the Dwelling of Mr. Howard, and broke every Window in his House Frames and all, then destroyed the inner Part of his House from Garret to Cellar, with the whole Furniture of the same, the Damage which this Gentleman sustain'd must be at least 2500 Dollars; after completing their Business at Mr. Howard's, they proceeded to the House of Doctor Moffat, where they behaved much in the same Manner, I can't say which suffer'd most, for all the Furniture of both Houses were entirely destroyed, Petitions of the Houses broken down, Fences levelled, and all the Liquors in both their Cellars were entirely left; from thence

they proceeded to Mr. Johnston's, with an intent to do the same, but it being under Mortgage, the Person who held the same appeared at the House with his Papers and Proofs, on examining of which were satisfied and quitted the House; from this they proceeded to attack our Collector, but he having with the other Gentlemen taken shelter on board the *Cypnet* could not be got at. Mr. Johnston has been obliged to appease the Mob, and for the Safety of his Life to issue a printed Resignation, subscribed by an Oath, that he will not execute the Stamp Office.

I am yours, &c.

To the Inhabitants of the Town of Newport.
Gentlemen,

AS I find my being appointed the Stamp-Officer of this Colony, has irritated the People of this Town against me, though the Office was bestowed on me unasked, and unthought of: And being willing, as far as it is in my Power, to restore Tranquillity to the Town, do engage upon my Honour, that I will not accept of said Office, upon any Terms, unless I have your Consent for the same.

August 29, 1765.

Augustus Johnston.

Newport, August 29, 1765.

Personally came Augustus Johnston, Esq; and being duly sworn on his Oath, did solemnly declare and say, That the above Declaration, by him made and subscribed, and the Resignation therein contained, is just and true in all its Parts, and his true Intent and Meaning.

Before John Greese, jun. Just. Peace.

We hear from Virginia, That the STAMPMAN for that Colony had resigned the same, and taken his Passage for England, not thinking himself safe there.

It is said, That James McEvers, Esq; the STAMPMAN for New-York, has also resigned that Office, which 'tis thought will be followed by every other Stamp-Officer throughout North-America.

Several Persons were taken up and committed to Goal in this Town, last Week, on a violent Suspicion of their being concerned in the Riot of the 26th Instant.

Yesterday Capt. Brown in a Ship arrived here in 21 Days from Martineco, by whom we learn, That on the 31st of July last, a terrible Gale of Wind, or Hurricane happen'd there, and at Guadaloupe, in which Forty Sail of Vessels were drove ashore, and many of them lost, among whom were the Captains Monday in a Brig, and Holmes and Choate in Schooners from Newbury, a Brig from New-Haven, and Capt. Jones in a Sloop from Boston, who are all said to be lost.

Public Notice is hereby given,

That the Proprietors of *New-Boston*, in *New-Hampshire*, at their Meeting at the House of Mr. *Harrod*, in *Dunstable*, in said *New-Hampshire*, on the 24th Day of April 1764, granted a Tax of Twenty Shillings Sterling on each Right in said Town: And at their Meeting at said *Harrod*'s the 25th Day of September 1764, granted another Tax of Twenty Shillings Sterling: And at their Meeting at said *Harrod*'s the 30th Day of April 1765, granted a further Tax of Twenty Shillings Sterling to be leveled on each Proprietors Right in said Town of *New-Boston*. The said Taxes was granted for building a Meeting House in said Town, and for clearing Roads, and other Contingent Charges; and the said Taxes has been duly published and notified according to Law, yet many of the said Proprietors have not paid said Taxes but neglect and delay to do it. Wherefore, the Committee of said Proprietors have agreed to meet at the said Mr. *Harrod*'s in *Dunstable* on Tuesday the 24th Day of September next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, and the said Proprietors are desired to remember their Meeting stands adjourned to that Day; then and there to sell for the payment of said Taxes, so much of the delinquent Proprietors Lot or Lots of Land in said *New-Boston*, as shall be sufficient to pay said Taxes and the Charges of Sale, such delinquent Proprietors are hereby Cautioned to prevent the Sale, &c. and to pay said Tax to *James Halfey*, Collector of said Taxes, at his House in *Boston*, in the Province of the *Massachusetts-Bay*, and to *Robert Moore*, at his House in *Londonderry*, in *New-Hampshire*, who is also Collector with said *Halfey*.

James Halfey, }
Boston, Aug. 28. 1765. James Caldwell, } Comtee.
John Hill, }

Entred In, Parker from Rhode Island, White, Butler, and Deans from Connecticut, Ford from Halifax, Fellows from Virginia, Sweet from North Carolina, Spear from South Carolina, Churchill and Cordis from New-Province, Greenman from Honduras, and Abburn from Liverpool. Cleared out. Brown for Connecticut, Phillips, Hutchinson and Crocker for Louisiana and Newfoundland, Francis for Newfoundland, Smith for Philadelphia, White for Maryland, Gardner for Bristol. Outward Bound, Pierpont for Halifax, Dickey for Annapolis Royal, Doyle for Newfoundland, Simson for Maryland, Alexander for West-India, and Service for Glasgow.

1 Martin Howard & D. Moffat & Augustus Johnston. * vide account of the Riot page 177 or v. vide Another account page 177. & the Proclamation page 180.

LONDON, June 10.

A Gentleman who had seen the slight Account given in the Papers, has sent the following real Description of the Head of the Victory Man of War, now building at Chatham: On the upper Part, and full in Front, appears a Bust of the Kings, armed and crowned with Laurels. Under the Bust is a rich Shield with the Letters G. R. in the Center and four Cherubs Heads representing the four Winds, between the Center and the Circumference. On the Starboard Side is a Figure, representing Britannia crowned proper, seated on a triumphal Arch, holding in one Hand a Spear, which displays the Union Flag, and supporting the Bust of his Majesty with the other, and trampling Discord and Faction under her Feet. On the same Side, above and behind Britannia appears Fame, with one Hand holding a Laurel Wreath to crown Britannia, and in the other a Branch of Palms, as an Emblem of Peace to the King. The Arch is supported by Europe and America, distinguished by the Dresses that characterize the Nations. At the Bottom is a Boy holding in one Hand a Cornucopia, and in the other a Branch of Palm. On the larboard Side is the Figure of Victory sitting on an Arch, crowned with Laurels, supporting the Bust of his Majesty with one Hand, and with the other holding a Branch of Laurels, and trampling down a Hydra with five Heads; and at the upper Part appears Fame holding a Branch of Palm in one Hand, and a Trumpet in the other. Behind the Arch is a Shield adorned with the Royal Escutcheon, and crowned with an Imperial Diadem, surrounded with Laurels, and Trophies of War. The Arch on this Side is supported, by two Figures, representing Asia and Africa, properly dressed. At the Bottom is a Boy holding a Pair of Compasses in one Hand, and with the other pointing to the Globe, to shew our various Successes thereon.

TO BE SOLD by AUCTION,
At the Royal Exchange Tavern in Boston
On Wednesday the 11th of September next

The LIBRARY of

WILLIAM BOLLAN, Esquire,
Consisting of a great Number of BOOKS wrote by the best Authors in LAW, DIVINITY, HISTORY, &c. &c.—A Catalogue of said Books may be seen in Mr. Hatch's Office in the Court House in Boston, any Time before the Sale, and the said Books may be seen at said Tavern on the Monday and Tuesday next preceding the Time of Sale. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock in the Morning.

J. Russell, V. Mr.
P. S. If any Gentleman has borrowed any of Mr. Bollan's Books, he is desired to return them to Nathaniel Hatch, Esq;

The Grantees of the fe-

veral Towns lying West of Connecticut River, who hold by Patent under the Seal of the Province of New Hampshire, and whose Lands by the late Settlement of his Majesty now fall within the Limits of New-York Government; are desired to meet by their Agent or Agents at the Royal Exchange Tavern in Boston, on the fifth Day of September next, at Ten o'Clock before Noon, to consider of and determine what Measures may be proper to take to secure their respective Titles.

WHEREAS it is directed in

the present Tax-Act, That the Inhabitants in each Town, bring in to the Assessors true and perfect Lists of their Polls and rateable Estate they shall be possessed of on the first Monday of September next:

The Inhabitants of the Town of Boston are hereby notified, that the Assessors of said Town will attend to receive the same at their Chamber at the East End of Faneuil-Hall, from the first Monday in September next to the 15th of said Month inclusive, on every Day of the Week, from the Hours of 10 to 1 of the Clock, and 3 to 6 o'Clock, Lord's Days & Saturdays excepted.

By Order of the Assessors,
Boston, August 15. 1765.

Boston Races.

TO be Run for on Wednes-

day the 25th of September next, on the New Course at Boston Neck, a Purse for two Hundred Dollars, free for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, being now within the four Provinces of Massachusetts-Bay, Rhode-Island, Connecticut, and New-Hampshire, catching Riders the best of three two Mile Heats, paying six Dollars Entrance, on the Friday before to Gideon Gardner, or double at the Post. Not less than five reputed Horses to Start for said Purse.

The Managers of Faneuil-Hall

LOTTERY No. Five, Hereby Notify the Publick, That the Tickets have met with so considerable a Sale, that they are now rolling up the Numbers and preparing the Boxes for Drawing, which they Promise themselves will Commence in a few Weeks, those therefore who design to be Adventurers must purchase speedily or they will be disappointed.

TICKETS may be had at Green & Russell's, in Queen-Street, Boston.

Boston, August 12, 1765.

For the ENTERTAINMENT of the CURIOUS,

Will be exhibited at CONCERT-HALL, at the Head of Queen-Street, A Course of EXPERIMENTS in that instructive and entertaining Branch of Natural Philosophy, call'd ELECTRICITY,—To be accompanied with LECTURES on the Nature and Properties of the ELECTRIC FIRE.

By WILLIAM JOHNSON.

THE Course consists of Two Lectures:—In the first of which, all the Properties of that wonderful Element, as far as the latest Discoveries have made us acquainted therewith, are demonstrated in a Number of curious and entertaining Experiments, many of which are intirely new. In the second Lecture, this Fire is shewn to be real Lightning, and in that View consider'd (as it really is) as one of the most awful Powers of Nature. Most of the Effects of Lightning are imitated by the Electric Fire, such as, killing Animals, melting Metal, tearing and rending Bodies thro' which it passes; together with many curious Experiments, naturally representing the various Phenomena of Thunder-Storms, accounting for their Causes, and explaining their Effects. A practical Method of preserving ourselves and our Houses from the destructive Violence of Lightning, will likewise be shewn, the Efficacy of which will be demonstrated by such indubitable Proofs, from Experience, as have not yet been exhibited to the World. The endeavouring to guard against Lightning, in the Manner proposed, shewn not to be chargeable with Presumption, nor inconsistent with any of the Principles of natural or revealed Religion.

As the Knowledge of Nature tends to enlarge the human Mind, and give us more noble and exalted Ideas of the God of NATURE, it is hoped that this Course will prove, to many, an agreeable Entertainment.

The Days of Exhibition will be on Tuesday & Wednesday next for the first Course, and again on Thursday & Friday following provided the Air be dry, and also, on the corresponding Days in the 3 following Weeks; to begin at Half-after Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, each Day.

TICKETS to be had at Mr. Rivington's Book-Store, and at Green & Russell's Printing-Office, at one Spanish Dollar for the whole Course.

N. B. No Person to be admitted without Tickets, by paying at the Door, as the Inconveniency is great and must be obvious to every one.

A good Assortment of HATTERS

Trimmings, such as Linings suitable for Beaver, Beaverett and Felt Hatts, Mohair and Silk Braid Loping flat and round Button ditto, Blocking, Cards, hard and soft Brushes, TO BE SOLD BY

DANIEL JONES

At his Shop in Newbury-Street, South-End, Boston. Where may be had Beaver, Beaverett, Castor and Felt Hatts of his own make; English Goods, Womens and Childrens Lynn Shoes, made by the best Workman there.—Good ST. GEORGES STONE LIME, per Wholesale and Retail.

Cash given for all sorts of Furrs and Bees-Wax at the above Shop.

N. B. It is desired of all Persons that are indebted to said JONES, either by Book, Bond or Note, that have doubly exceeded their Times of Contract for Payment, that they would be very speedy in discharging the same, or they may depend on being sued at October Court, without further Notice.

LOST, or lent to some Person

in Town, about six Weeks ago, a blue Surtuit Coat, with yellow Buttons, and a Velvet Cape. Whoever has the same in Possession and will return it to the Subscriber shall receive many Thanks.

GEORGE JEFFRIES.

WANTED,

A White Man Servant, for a

small Family.—Such a Person may have good Wages, if he can be well Recommended. Inquire of Green & Russell.

WHEREAS the Proprietors of

the Town of Becket, formerly called No. 4, in the County of Berkshire, did at their Meeting January 30th, 1765, grant and agree on a Tax of Eight Shillings and Two Farthings on each 3d Division Lot, to defray the Charge of laying out the same: also at their adjourned Meeting March 6th, 1765, agreed on a Tax of 2l. 10s. 1d. on each Right to discharge the Proprietors Debts—and those Proprietors that are delinquent in either of the abovesaid Taxes are hereby notified, to pay their Deficiency in the abovesaid Taxes to Elijah Allford of said Becket, Proprietors Treasurer, or to us the Subscribers, or so much of their Lands or common Rights will be sold at a Public Vendue as shall be sufficient to pay the abovesaid Taxes, and all necessary and intervening Charges, on Wednesday the 18th Day of December next, at the House of Isaiah Kingsley, Inholder in said Becket; the Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock in the Morning, and to be continued by Adjournments (if need be) till the whole be completed, unless prevented by paying as above. Dated at Becket, August 12. 1765.

Nath'l Kingsley,

John Crane,

James Birchard, Jun'r.

Assessors.

ALL Persons that have Accounts open with me in New-England, either in my own Name, or as Trustee for Nathaniel Wheelwright, Esq; are hereby desired as soon as may be, to adjust and settle said Accounts with Messrs Joseph Green, Nathaniel Bethune, William Molineux and Tut-hill Hubbard, who are all and each of them empowered by me for that Purpose.

CHARLES WARD APTHORP.

ALL Persons having Accounts open

in New-England, with Charles Ward Apthorp and Comp'y, or with Charles Ward Apthorp as Trustee for Nathaniel Wheelwright, Esq; are desired as soon as may be, to adjust and settle the same with Joseph Green, Nathaniel Bethune, William Molineux and Tut-hill Hubbard, who are jointly and severally Attornies to the said Charles; and those that are indebted to said Company, or to said Charles as Trustee to said Wheelwright, are desired as speedily as possible to pay their respective Ballances to the said Attornies, who are obliged to collect the same in a very short Time—They therefore hope none will lay them under a Necessity of taking any Method that may be disagreeable, which they must unavoidably do if not soon satisfied.

All Persons as above are desired to apply to William Molineux, at his Dwelling-House in Boston. June 3. 1765. 3m

TO BE LETT,

One handsome lower Room, two good lower Chambers, and one Chamber for a Servant. Any Gentleman inclining to hire the same or any Part thereof, may know the Terms by applying to Mrs. Philip and Maryann LeBlond, at their House opposite to James Pitts, Esq.

Philip Godfrid Kast,

Has Imported in the last Ships from LONDON, and to be sold at his Shop at the Sign of the Lyon and Mortar, in Salem, and at Dr. Stephen Huf's in Haverhill.

A General Assortment of the

finest and best of DRUGS and MEDICINES, Chymical and Galenical. Sold Cheap for CASH, or short Credit.

Gentlemen Practitioners will be as well used by Letters, as if present themselves.

A Young Woman that under-

stands Household Work, is willing to go into a Family as a Maid-Servant. Inquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD,

A new SCHOONER, having

made but one Voyage, about 75 or 80 Tons, all compleat for the Sea. For further Particulars, inquire of Green & Russell.